Activity/ Situation	WIDER OPI	ENING	OF SCHC		И 8 <sup>th</sup> М/	ARCH 20	)21
Location		She	riff Hutton	Primary Sch	ool		
Persons at Risk	Pupils 🛛	Emp	loyees⊠	Visitors		Contract	tors 🛛
HAZARD(S)	<ul> <li>Contact Between Individuals Not Minimised and Social Distancing Measures Not Followed</li> <li>Social Distancing Measures Not Followed During Travel to and from School</li> <li>Inadequate Cleaning/Sanitising</li> <li>Shared Resources</li> <li>Spread of Coronavirus to Staff, Pupils and Families, Visitors and</li> </ul>					from	
CONTROL ME	ASURES				YES	NO	N/A
that there	pelow risks and potential co is no adverse impact on an From 8 Marcl ndividuals Not Minin	ny particular h, all pup	group of staff / ils should a	pupils with prot	ected charad	cteristics	
risk of transmission	re in place which redu by limiting the numbe ontact with each other up	r of	Children are c two separate		X		
The school keeps a each group, and any places between child groups	record of pupils and s close contact that ta dren and staff in differ	kes ent	Daily registra place in each class. Seating updated regu	bubble and plans are	Ø		
maintained which maintained which maintained which may need to self-iso as small as possible		asier in se who number	Children are o two separate		X		
that are the size of a achieved, it is recom reduce the number of to isolate should sor with coronavirus (CC		be nelp to e asked	Bubbles are ir due to the siz classes and tl school organi EYFS and Ks1 KS2 bubble	e of the he logistics of sation.	X		
	rly with younger child risk is reduced by ke		Children stay bubbles throu school day.		Ø		

Whatever the size of the group, they are kept apart from other groups and older children are encouraged to keep their distance within their groups	All activities are separated between the bubbles.	$\boxtimes$	
Schools with the capability to do it should take steps to limit interaction and the sharing of rooms and social spaces between groups as much as possible	Entrances are separate. The shared hall is cleaned between each bubble.		
It is recognised that younger children will not be able to maintain social distancing, and it is acceptable for them not to distance within their group	EYFS and KS1 children stay within their bubble.	$\boxtimes$	
Schools keep children in their class groups for the majority of the classroom time, but also allow mixing into wider groups for specialist teaching, wraparound care and transport	Castle Club will keep the two bubbles separated.	$\boxtimes$	
Siblings may be in different groups	Children will stay with their own age groups.	$\boxtimes$	
Teachers and other staff operate across different classes and year groups in order to facilitate the delivery of the school timetable	Shared MSAs and support staff for PPA.	$\boxtimes$	
Where staff need to move between classes and year groups, they should keep their distance from pupils and other staff as much as they can, ideally 2 metres from other adults	Social distancing will be in place as much as possible. Use of face coverings is advised.		
The number of interactions or changes are minimised wherever possible	Staff moving between bubbles is limited.	$\boxtimes$	
Where possible adults maintain a 2 metre distance from each other, and from children	Staff given guidance during training day.	$\boxtimes$	
Adults avoid close face to face contact and limit time spent within 1 metre of anyone. Direct close contacts - face to face contact with an infected individual for <b>any length of time</b> , within 1 metre, including being coughed on, a face to face conversation, or unprotected physical contact (skin-to-skin) Proximity contacts - extended close contact (within 1 to 2 metres for more than 15 minutes) with an infected individual.	Use of PPE available when necessary.		
Within the classroom a distance between people is maintained so far as reasonably practical	Social distancing will be in place as much as possible.	$\boxtimes$	
Face to face contact time is reduced and limited to no more than 15 minutes duration	Staff made aware of guidance when working with children in lessons.		
Pupils are seated side by side and facing forwards, rather than face to face or side on	In KS2 classes. In KS1 and EYFS tables are placed for best educational delivery.		
Staff will work side on to pupils as opposed to face to face whenever possible	Staff made aware of guidance when working with children in lessons.		
Educational and care support is provided as normal to pupils who have complex needs or who need close contact care	PPE will be worn at all times when in close contact.		
Schools, local authorities, health professionals, regional schools commissioners and other services work together to ensure that children with medical conditions are fully supported, including through the use of individual healthcare plans, so that they may receive an education in line with their peers In some cases, the pupil's medical needs will mean this is not possible, and educational support will require flexibility. Our	Children with medical needs have an EHCP and have support from education, health and social care.		

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guidance on supporting pupils at school with medical				
<u>conditions</u> remains in place Unnecessary furniture has been moved out of	Classes have been			
classrooms to make more space	reorganised appropriately.	$\boxtimes$		
Large gatherings such as assemblies or collective	Assemblies will not be			
worship with more than one group do not take	whole school but led in	$\boxtimes$		
place	each bubble.			
The timetable and selection of classroom or	Bubbles stay in their own			
other learning environment has been used to	classrooms throughout the	$\boxtimes$		
keep groups apart and reduce movement	day.			
around the school or building				
Consideration given to staggered starts or	Staggered start and finish			
adjusting start and finish times to keep groups	times are in place for all	$\boxtimes$		
apart as they arrive and leave school	children.			
Denote: draw off and side on protocols also and	Parents have been given			
Parents' drop-off and pick-up protocols planned	guidance on drop off and	$\boxtimes$		
to minimise adult to adult contact	collection procedures.			
All parents/carers entering the school premises				
(and in other congested areas around school				
premises) wear a face covering in addition to	Parents / carers asked to			
social distancing. This an extra safeguard to	wear face covering whilst	$\boxtimes$		
reduce the transmission of the virus. Please note	on the school site.			
that this does not apply to those who are				
medically exempt				
Ensure that you inform those travelling by car that				
they should wait in their car until the specific drop	Parents / carers informed	<b></b>		_
off time. This will reduce the amount of people	via dojo message and	$\boxtimes$		
assembling in and around the school grounds and	newsletter.			
will help with social distancing	Discussion of the static state			
Ensure that you inform parents to maintain social distancing from others when dropping off and	Playground markings added to support	$\boxtimes$		
collecting pupils from school	distancing.			
Parents and pupils are told their allocated drop	uistuncing.			
off and collection times and the process for doing				
so, including protocols for minimising adult to	Return to school guide	$\boxtimes$		
adult contact (for example, which entrance to	provided for all parents.			
use)	This information details			
It is made clear to parents that they cannot gather	acceptable routines for			
at entrance gates or doors, or enter the site	parents to ensure adult contact is minimised.			
(unless they have a pre-arranged appointment,	contact is minimisea.	$\boxtimes$		
which should be conducted safely)				
External entrances to classrooms are used where	Children use individual			
practical	separate entrances to their	$\boxtimes$		
	classrooms.			
Break times are staggered so that all pupils	Dissution on sure star 1			
are not moving around the school at the same	Playtimes are staggered	$\boxtimes$		
time	every day.			
Lunch haraba and the l	Lunchtimes are staggered	R-7		
Lunch breaks are staggered	every day.	$\boxtimes$		
	Due to staggered breaks			
	the staffroom use will also			
Numbers of staff using Staff Room are limited or	be staggered. Numbers of		_	
the use of Staff Room is staggered to ensure that	adults in the staffroom is	$\boxtimes$		
staff maintain 2m distance from each other.	limited. Staff continue to			
	have the usual length of			
Staff montings take place remotely where	breaks each day. Virtual staff mostings			
Staff meetings take place remotely where possible.	Virtual staff meetings could take place – staff can	$\boxtimes$		
אסומוספיע.	coola lake place – slajj call			

Where this is not possible staff mostings take	ioin from their classrooms		
Where this is not possible staff meetings take place in a large well ventilated room ensuring 2 metres social distancing at all times	join from their classrooms or from home.		
Educational Visits must not take place at this time	None planned.	$\boxtimes$	
From 8 March, school will work to resume all before and after-school educational activities and wraparound childcare for pupils, where this provision is necessary to support parents to work, attend education and access medical care, and is as part of pupil's wider education and training.	Before and After school Club resumed on 8 <sup>th</sup> March 2021.		
You should advise parents that where they are accessing this provision for their children, that they must only be using this, where: • the provision is being offered as part of the school's educational activities (including catch-up provision) • the provision is as part of their child's efforts to obtain a regulated qualification or meet the entry requirements of an education institution • the use of the provision is reasonably necessary to support them to work, seek work, undertake education or training, attend a medical appointment or address a medical need or attend a support group	Parents informed.		
School works closely with any external wraparound providers which their pupils may use, to ensure as far as possible, children can be kept in a group with other children from the same bubble they are in during the school day	External providers such as football, tennis clubs and Creative Club have separated bubbles to correspond with those during the school day.		
<ul> <li>Where parents are using external childcare providers or out of school extra-curricular activities for their children, you should also:</li> <li>advise them to limit their use of multiple out-of-school settings providers, and to only use one out-of-school setting in addition to school as far as possible.</li> <li>encourage them to check providers have put in place their own protective measures</li> <li>send them the link to the guidance for parents and carers</li> </ul>	Parents informed.		
If school premises are hired out for use by external wraparound childcare providers, such as after-school or holiday clubs, school have made sure these organisations have: • considered the relevant government guidance for their sector • put in place protective measures	Before /After school club is run by school. Buildings are not hired out to external providers for this provision.		
During PE lessons pupils should be kept in consistent groups, sports equipment thoroughly cleaned between each use by different individual groups, and contact sports avoided.	PE sessions are timetabled for each class. Equipment will be cleaned between each use.	$\boxtimes$	
Outdoor sports are prioritised where possible, and large indoor spaces used where it is not, maximising distancing between pupils and paying scrupulous attention to cleaning and hygiene	Sports Governing Bodies advice is followed at all times.	$\boxtimes$	
Social Distancing Measures Not Followed Durin	g Travel to and from Sc	hool	

Dense to an discussion in the second			
Parents and pupils are encouraged to walk or	Cycle shelter has opened	$\boxtimes$	
cycle to their education setting where possible	for general use.		
Schools, parents and pupils following the	School transport advice	▶7	
government guidance on how to travel safely,	, shared with parents.	$\boxtimes$	
when planning their travel on public transport			
Face coverings are required at all times on public transport for shidron, over the age of 11	As appropriate to children's	$\boxtimes$	
transport for children, over the age of 11	age.		
Inadequate Cleaning/Sanitising			
A cleaning schedule that ensures cleaning is			
generally enhanced and includes more frequent	NYCC cleaner establishing	$\boxtimes$	
cleaning of rooms / shared areas that are used by	clear regime with new		
different groups is in place	staff.		 
Surfaces that pupils are touching, such as toys,	Staff provided with		
books, desks, chairs, doors, sinks, toilets, light	Staff provided with additional cleaning	$\boxtimes$	
switches, bannisters etc. are cleaned more often	products.		
than normal	products.		
Electronic entry systems and keypads are			
regularly sanitised particularly first thing in the	As often as possible.	$\boxtimes$	
morning and where possible after each use			
Bins for tissues and other rubbish are emptied	Lidded bins provided.	$\boxtimes$	
throughout the day	cu onio provincu.		
Stocks of cleaning chemicals, liquid soap, paper	Stock checked regularly,		
towels, tissues, toilet roll, bin bags etc. regularly	additional supplies	$\boxtimes$	
checked and additional supplies requested as	ordered.	<u></u>	
necessary			
Consideration given to how play equipment is	Allocated outdoor		
used ensuring it is appropriately cleaned between	equipment for each bubble.	$\boxtimes$	
groups of children using it	Shared equipment cleaned		 
• •	regularly / after each use.		
Outdoor playground equipment should be more	Equipment cleaned		
frequently cleaned. This would also apply to resources used inside and outside by	regularly / after each use,	$\boxtimes$	
,	including when used by ASC.		
wraparound care providers.	NUC.		
Shared Resources			
For individual and very frequently used			
equipment, such as pencils and pens, it is	Individual stationery items	K ZI	
recommended that staff and pupils have their	provided for each child.	$\boxtimes$	
own items that are not shared			
Classroom based resources, such as books and			
games, can be used and shared within the	All resources and books	<b>N</b> 7	
bubble; these are cleaned regularly, along with all	cleaned regularly.	$\boxtimes$	
frequently touched surfaces			 
Resources that are shared between classes or			
bubbles, such as sports, art and science	Limited sharing of		
equipment should be cleaned frequently and	resources.		
meticulously and always between bubbles, or	Reading books unused for a	$\boxtimes$	
rotated to allow them to be left unused and out of	period of 72 hours if not		
reach for a period of 48 hours (72 hours for	easily cleaned.		
plastics) between use by different bubbles			
Pupils should limit the amount of equipment they	Items must be named and		
bring into school each day, including essentials	separated between	$\boxtimes$	
such as lunch boxes, hats, coats, books,	bubbles.		
stationery, bags.			
The ability to clean equipment used in the	Equipment is cleaned after		
delivery of therapies, for example, physiotherapy	use. (Only in use for one	$\boxtimes$	
equipment or sensory equipment has been	child).		

assessed and where cleaning or disinfecting is				
not possible or practical, resources will be either:				
restricted to one user				
• left unused for a period of 48 hours (72 hours				
for plastics) between use by different individuals				
Pupils and teachers can take books and other				
shared resources home, although unnecessary	Teachers to limit taking			
sharing should be avoided, especially where this	books home of possible.			
does not contribute to pupil education and	Hand cleaning and 48	$\boxtimes$		
development. Rules on hand cleaning, cleaning	hours rotation in place if			
of the resources and rotation apply to these	required.			
resources				
Devices/ laptops/tablets etc. that are brought				
from home to school and back again are cleaned	IT cleaning wipes provided.	$\boxtimes$		
at the start and end of the day	5 1 1			
Spread of Coronavirus to Staff, Pupils and Fam	ilies, Visitors and Contr	actors		
Contact with individuals who are required to self-	Character			
isolate is minimised by ensuring they do not	Stay at home guidance	$\boxtimes$		
attend the school	explained.			
Anybody contacted by NHS Test and Trace or				
local health protection team and told to self-isolate	Procedure shared with		_	_
because they have been a close contact of a	staff and parents / carers.	$\boxtimes$		
positive case, has a legal obligation to do so				
Pupils, staff and other adults must not come into				
the school if:				
• they have one or more <u>coronavirus (COVID-19)</u>				
symptoms				
• a member of their household (including someone	Procedure shared with	$\boxtimes$		
in their <u>support bubble</u> or <u>childcare bubble</u>	staff and parents / carers.			
if they have one) has coronavirus (COVID-19)				
symptoms				
• they are required to <u>quarantine having recently</u>				
visited countries outside the Common Travel Area				
they have had a positive test				
School makes everyone onsite or visiting aware				
that they must immediately cease to attend and				
not attend for at least 10 days from the day after:				
<ul> <li>the start of their symptoms</li> </ul>	Procedure explained to all	$\boxtimes$		
<ul> <li>the test date if they did not have any symptoms</li> </ul>	visitors and people on site.			
but have had a positive test (whether this was a				
Lateral Flow Device (LFD) or Polymerase Chain				
Reaction (PCR) test)				
The school recognises that if they have two or				
more confirmed cases within 14 days, or an				
overall rise in sickness absence where	Procedures are in place and			
coronavirus (COVID-19) is suspected, they may	action lists are on display in	$\boxtimes$		
have an outbreak and must continue to work with	the school office.			
their local health protection team who will be able				
to advise if additional action is required.				
Where a pupil routinely attends more than one				
setting on a part time basis, for example because				
they are dual registered at a mainstream school				
and a special setting, the settings should work				
through the system of controls collaboratively,	Not applicable at this time.	$\boxtimes$		
enabling them to address any risks identified and				
allowing them to jointly deliver a broad and				
balanced curriculum for the pupil. Pupils should be				
able to continue attending both settings.				

Where individuals are self-isolating and are within the definition of vulnerable, school has put systems in place to keep in contact with them, offer pastoral support, and check they are able to access education support.	Procedures are in place – staff and admin support completing regular checks.	$\boxtimes$	
Where schools and colleges are carrying out their own testing regime, they make it clear to staff and pupils that a negative test result does not remove the risk of transmission. In some cases, someone who has tested negative may still have the undetected disease and be infectious. It is therefore essential that everyone continues to follow good hygiene and observe social distancing measures whether or not they have been tested.	Staff made aware.		
The advice for pupils who have been confirmed as clinically extremely vulnerable is to shield and stay at home as much as possible until further notice. They are advised not to attend school while shielding advice applies nationally. You will be able to request from parents a copy of the shielding letter sent to CEV children, to confirm that they are advised not to attend school or other educational settings whilst shielding guidance is in place	As appropriate		
CEV staff are advised not to attend the workplace Staff who are CEV will previously have received a letter from the NHS or their GP telling them this.	Not applicable at this time.	$\boxtimes$	
Current DHSC guidance, informed by PHE, currently advises that CEV individuals should continue to shield even after they have been vaccinated.			
Those living with someone who is CEV can still attend work where home-working is not possible and should ensure they maintain good prevention practice in the workplace and home settings.	Advice sought on a case by case basis.		
CV staff can continue to attend school. While in school they must follow the system of controls to minimise the risks of transmission.	Individual risk assessments are completed and subject to regular review as appropriate.	×	
Staff who live with those who are CV can attend the workplace but should ensure they maintain good prevention practice in the workplace and at home	Advice sought on a case by case basis.		
Pregnant women are in the 'clinically vulnerable' category. School must complete the New and Expectant Mothers risk assessment as well as the Covid Individual risk assessment. <u>RCOG Q&amp;A -covid-19-virus-infection-and-pregnancy</u>	Both the New and Expectant Mothers and the Individual Risk Assessment will be reviewed prior to 28 weeks when risk factors increase. Individual Risk Assessments are subject to regular review.		
Whilst pregnant women are at no greater risks of catching covid, there is evidence that those is later pregnancy are at greater risk of severe illness if they contract the virus and may give birth pre-term. Therefore, from now on pregnant employees in their 3 <sup>rd</sup> trimester should be directed to work from home if they are currently attending a workplace. This should happen as soon as possible, and so managers are required	As per NYCC recommendation		

to send home any pregnant employees who have			
reached the start of their 28 <sup>th</sup> week of pregnancy			
Pregnant workers in their 3 <sup>rd</sup> trimester are now to be treated in the same way as CEV staff		$\boxtimes$	
Specialists, therapists, clinicians, support staff for pupils with SEND, supply teachers, peripatetic teachers or other temporary staff, can move between settings	Visitors asked to wear masks, sanitise and stay at least 2m apart.	$\boxtimes$	
Where it is necessary to use supply staff and peripatetic teachers, those individuals will be expected to comply with the school's arrangements for managing and minimising risk, including taking particular care to minimise contact and maintain as much distance as possible from other staff. To minimise the numbers of temporary staff entering the school premises, and secure best value, schools may wish to use longer assignments with supply teachers and agree a minimum number of hours across the academic year.	Limited use of supply staff. Music teachers working online at the current time.		
Volunteers may be used to support the work of the school, as would usually be the case. Mixing of volunteers across groups should be kept to a minimum, and they should remain 2 metres from pupils and staff where possible.	Volunteers are not being used at the current time.		
Access to PPE should be available where there is contact with diagnosed or suspected person with covid-19	PPE available in school at all times.		
Site User Becoming Unwell			
If anyone in the school becomes unwell with a new, continuous cough or a high temperature, or has a loss of, or change in, their normal sense of taste or smell (anosmia), they must be sent home and advised to follow the guidance which sets out that they must self-isolate for at least 10 days and should <u>arrange to have a test</u> to see if they have coronavirus (COVID-19). Other members of their household (including any siblings) should self- isolate for 10 days from when the symptomatic person first had symptoms.	Clear procedures shared with all staff and parents. stay at home: guidance for households with possible or confirmed coronavirus (COVID-19) infection		
If they have tested positive whilst not experiencing symptoms but develop symptoms during the isolation period, they should restart the 10-day isolation period from the day they develop symptoms.			
If a pupil is awaiting collection, they should be moved, if possible, to a room where they can be isolated behind a closed door, depending on the age of the Pupils and with appropriate adult supervision if required. A window should be opened for fresh air ventilation if it is safe to do so.	Isolated in well ventilated entrance area, can be supervised from 2m distance.		
If the pupil needs to go to the toilet while waiting to be collected, they should use a separate toilet if possible. The toilet should be cleaned and	The allocated staff bathroom to be used in these circumstances.		

disinfected using standard cleaning products				
before being used by anyone else PPE should be worn by staff caring for the pupil				
while they await collection if a distance of 2	PPE available in school at		_	
metres cannot be maintained (such as for a very	all times.	$\boxtimes$		
young pupil or a pupil with complex needs)				
If a pupil displays coronavirus (COVID-19)				
symptoms, or has a positive test, while at their				
school they should avoid using public transport	Procedure shared with all	$\boxtimes$		
and, wherever possible, be collected by a	staff and parents.			
member of their family or household				
In exceptional circumstances, if parents or carers				
cannot arrange to have their child collected, if				
age-appropriate and safe to do so the child				
should walk, cycle or scoot home following a				
positive test result.				
If this is not possible, alternative arrangements	Procedure shared with all	$\boxtimes$		
may need to be organised by the school. The	staff and parents.			
local authority may be able to help source a				
suitable vehicle which would provide appropriate				
protection for the driver, who must be made				
aware that the individual has tested positive or is				
displaying symptoms				
In an emergency, call 999 if the pupil is seriously				
ill or injured or their life is at risk. Anyone with	Procedure shared with all			
coronavirus (COVID-19) symptoms should not	staff and parents.	$\boxtimes$		
visit the GP, pharmacy, urgent care centre or a hospital				
Any member of staff who has provided <b>close</b>				
contact care to someone with symptoms, even				
while wearing PPE, and all other members of				
staff or pupils who have been in close contact				
with that person with symptoms, even if wearing				
a face covering, <b>do not</b> need to go home to self-				
isolate unless:				
<ul> <li>the symptomatic person subsequently</li> </ul>				
tests positive				
<ul> <li>they develop symptoms themselves (in</li> </ul>	Procedure in place.	$\boxtimes$		
which case, they should arrange to have a				
test)				
They are requested to do so by NHS Test				
and Trace or the PHE advice service (or				
PHE local health protection team if				
escalated)				
they have tested positive from an LFD test				
as part of a community or worker				
programme				
Everyone must wash their hands thoroughly for				
20 seconds with soap and running water or use	Procedure in place.	$\boxtimes$		
hand sanitiser after any contact with someone				
who is unwell	Drocodure in alma-			
	Procedure in place. Cleaning products			
The area around the person with symptoms must	available.			
be cleaned with normal household disinfectant	COVID-19: cleaning of	$\boxtimes$		
after they have left to reduce the risk of passing the infection on to other people	non-healthcare settings			
	guidance			
Site User Developing Symptoms				
Site user Developing Symptoms				

Schools must ensure that staff members and parents/carers understand that they will need to be ready and willing to <u>book a test</u> if they are displaying symptoms. The main symptoms are a high temperature, a new continuous cough and/or a loss or change to your sense of smell or taste. Staff and pupils must not come into the school if they have symptoms, and must be sent home to self-isolate if they develop them in school. All children can be tested if they have symptoms, including children under 5, but children aged 11 and under will need to be helped by their parents or carers if using a home testing kit. <i>The advice service (or PHE local health protection team if escalated) will provide definitive advice on who must be sent home. A template letter will be provided to schools, on the advice of the health protection team, to send to parents and staff if needed.</i>	Expectations shared with all parents / carers and staff.		
School have received an initial supply of 10 home test kits and information about how to order to replenish this supply when they are running out. School should call the Test and Trace helpdesk on 119 if these have not arrived.	Kits received and stored appropriately.		
School determines how to prioritise the distribution of their test kits in order to minimise the impact of the virus on the education of their pupils. The test kits sent to schools are provided to be used in the exceptional circumstance that an individual becomes symptomatic and schools believe they may have barriers to accessing testing elsewhere. These kits can be given directly to staff or parents and carers collecting a child who has developed symptoms at school. In particular, these tests kits will also help ensure that symptomatic staff can also get a test and if they test negative, can return to work as soon as they no longer have symptoms of coronavirus (COVID-19). Further information is provided in our guidance <u>Coronavirus (COVID-19): test kits for schools and FE providers</u> .	Webinar attended and allocation procedure in place.	×	
The asymptomatic testing programme does not replace the current testing policy for those with symptoms. Anyone with symptoms (even if they recently had a negative LFD test result), should still self-isolate immediately according to government guidelines	Shared with all parents / carers and staff.	×	
Those with symptoms are expected to order a test online or visit a test site to take a lab-based polymerase chain reaction (PCR) test to check if they have the virus	Shared with all parents / carers and staff.		
Schools must ensure that staff members and parents/carers understand that they will need to be ready and willing to provide details of anyone they have been in close contact with if they were to test positive for coronavirus (COVID-19) or if asked by NHS Test & Trace	Expectations shared with all parents / carers and staff.	$\boxtimes$	
Schools must ensure that staff members and parents/carers understand that they will need to be ready and willing to <u>self-isolate</u> if they have	Expectations shared with all parents / carers and staff.		

been in close contact with someone who develops coronavirus (COVID-19) symptoms or someone who tests positive for coronavirus (COVID-19) Household members of those contacts who are sent home do not need to self-isolate themselves unless the child, young person or staff member who is self-isolating subsequently develops symptoms.			
Parents and staff are asked to inform the school immediately of the results of a test. Schools must not share the names or details of people with coronavirus (COVID-19) unless essential to protect others.	Expectations shared with all parents / carers and staff.	$\boxtimes$	
If someone with symptoms tests negative for coronavirus (COVID-19), then they need should stay at home until they are recovered as usual from their illness but can safely return thereafter. The only exception to return following a negative test result is where an individual is separately identified as a close contact of a confirmed case, when they will need to self-isolate for 10 days from the date of that contact. <i>Schools should not request evidence of negative test results</i> <i>or other medical evidence before admitting children or</i> <i>welcoming them back after a period of self-isolation.</i>	Procedure in place in line with PHE guidance.		
Someone who is self-isolating because they have been in close contact with someone who has tested positive for coronavirus (COVID-19) starts to feel unwell and gets a test for coronavirus themselves, and the test delivers a negative result, they must remain in isolation for the remainder of the 10-day isolation period. This is because they could still develop coronavirus (COVID-19) within the remaining days.	Procedure in place in line with PHE guidance.	$\boxtimes$	
If someone with symptoms tests positive, they should follow the <u>'stay at home: guidance for</u> <u>households with possible or confirmed</u> <u>coronavirus (COVID-19) infection</u> ' and must continue to self-isolate for at least 10 days from the onset of their symptoms and then return to school only if they do not have symptoms other than cough or loss of sense of smell/taste. This is because a cough or anosmia can last for several weeks once the infection has gone. The 10-day period starts from the day when they first became ill. If they still have a high temperature, they should continue to self-isolate until their temperature returns to normal. Other members of their household should all self-isolate for the full 10 days	Schools will take swift action when we become aware that someone who has attended has tested positive for coronavirus (COVID-19). We will contact the local health protection team. This team will also contact us directly if they become aware that someone who has tested positive for coronavirus (COVID-19) attends the school – as identified by NHS Test and Trace		
Schools send home those people who have been in close contact with the person who has tested positive, advising them to self-isolate for 10 days since they were last in close contact with that person when they were infectious	Close contact means: direct close contacts - face to face contact with an infected individual for <u>any</u> <u>length of time</u> , within 1 metre, including being coughed on, a face to face conversation, or unprotected physical contact (skin-to-skin)	$\boxtimes$	

	proximity contacts – extended close contact (within 1 to 2 metres for more than 15 minutes) with an infected individual,		
	travelling in a small vehicle, like a car, with an infected person		
School must take swift action when they become			
aware that someone who has attended has tested positive for coronavirus and must contact the dedicated advice service introduced by Public Health England (PHE) and delivered by the NHS Business Services Authority. This can be reached by calling the DfE Helpline on 0800 046 8687 and selecting option 1 for advice on the action to take in response to a positive case. Schools will be put through to a team of advisers who will inform them of what action is needed based on the latest public health advice	Procedure in place in line with PHE guidance.		
Public Health England has good evidence that routinely taking the temperature of pupils by the school is not recommended as this is an unreliable method for identifying coronavirus (COVID-19) so this does not take place	School complies with PHE guidance.	×	
Inadequate Hand Washing/Personal Hygiene	Γ	I	
Staff/pupils/cleaners/contractors etc. will be reminded to clean their hands regularly, including when they arrive at school, when they return from breaks, when they change rooms and before and after eating	Reminders and procedure in place.		
Consideration given to how often pupils and staff will need to wash their hands and incorporated time for this is in timetables or lesson plans	Procedure in school discussed with all staff.		
Staff working with pupils who spit uncontrollably may want more opportunities to wash their hands than other staff	As appropriate		
Pupils who use saliva as a sensory stimulant or who struggle with 'catch it, bin it, kill it' may also need more opportunities to wash their hands and this has been considered	As appropriate		
Help given to pupils with complex needs to clean their hands properly	As appropriate	$\boxtimes$	
Risk assessments for pupils with complex needs that may struggle to maintain as good respiratory hygiene as their peers, for example those who spit uncontrollably or use saliva as a sensory stimulant, have been updated in order to support these pupils and the staff working with them	Risk assessments completed for vulnerable children and adults.		
Hands are washed with liquid soap & water for a minimum of 20 seconds	Reminders and procedure in place.	$\boxtimes$	
The school has considered whether they have enough hand washing or hand sanitiser 'stations' available so that all pupils and staff can clean their hands regularly	Hand sanitiser is available in all classes and in the school entrance.		

Alcohol based hand cleansers/gels (containing at least 60% alcohol) can only be used if soap and water are not available, but is not a substitute for hand washing. Such gels MUST ONLY BE USED UNDER CLOSE SUPERVISION. In normal circumstances pupils should not be using alcohol based hand cleansers because of the risk of ingestion.	Soap and water available for all bubbles. Hand gel also available in every classroom space. Skin friendly skin cleaning wipes can be used. Adult supervision in place.		
School has embedded hand washing routines into school culture, supported by behaviour expectations to help ensure younger pupils and those with complex needs understand the need to follow them	Lesson planning has incorporated hand washing routines.		
The 'catch it, bin it, kill it' approach is very important and is promoted	CAATCCH IT       Image: Compare the co		
Disposable tissues are available in each room for both staff and pupil use	Tissues in each classroom and the school office.	X	
Bins (ideally lidded pedal bins) for tissues are	Lidded bins in each		
available in each room School has embedded the 'catch it, bin it, kill it'	classroom and the hall.		 
approach to ensure younger pupils and those with complex needs get this right, and that all pupils understand that this is now part of how the school operates. The <u>e-bug</u> website contains free resources for schools, including materials to encourage good hand and respiratory hygiene	Medium and long term planning has been updated and hand washing is now part of the school rules / expectations.	X	
Inadequate Personal Protection & PPE			
Adults (staff and visitors) in Primary schools DO wear face coverings in areas outside of the classroom	Procedure in place.	$\boxtimes$	
Children in Primary schools do not need to wear a face covering	School complies with PHE guidance.	$\boxtimes$	
Transparent face coverings can also be worn, but only to assist communication with someone who relies on lip reading, clear sound or facial expression to communicate	As appropriate to the children's needs.	×	
Face visors or shields are not routinely worn as an alternative to face coverings. Visors may protect against droplet spread in specific circumstances but are unlikely to be effective in preventing aerosol transmission, and therefore in a school environment are unlikely to offer appropriate protection to the wearer	Visors are available for those adults who prefer one. They are worn with acknowledgement of the limits to protection for the wearer.		
Face coverings do not need to be worn by pupils when outdoors on the premises		X	
Those who rely on visual signals for communication, or communicate with or provide support to such individuals, are currently exempt		$\boxtimes$	

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from any requirement to wear face coverings in schools or in public places				
Clear instructions are provided to staff and pupils				
on how to put on, remove, store and dispose of	Discussed as appropriate to			
face coverings, to avoid inadvertently increasing	their age.	$\boxtimes$		
the risks of transmission	then uge.			
Safe wearing of face coverings requires cleaning				
of hands before and after touching – including to				
remove or put them on – and the safe storage of				
them in individual, sealable plastic bags between	New masks are available	$\boxtimes$		
use.	from the school office.			
Staff may consider bringing a spare face covering				
to wear if their face covering becomes damp				
during the day				
Where a face covering becomes damp, it should				
not be worn and the face covering should be		$\boxtimes$		
replaced				
Where anybody is struggling to access a face				
covering, or where they are unable to use their	School has a small supply			
face covering due to having forgotten it or it	of additional face masks			
having become soiled or unsafe, the school has	which are available for	$\boxtimes$		
taken steps to have a small contingency supply	visitors. They are one-use			
available to meet such needs.	masks.			
	Drocodura communicated			
School has a procedure for removing face	Procedure communicated			
coverings when those who use them arrive at	clearly to pupils and staff	$\boxtimes$		
school, and when to wear face coverings at	via newsletters and			
school in certain circumstances.	posters.			
PPE will need to be worn by a member of staff if				
a pupil becomes unwell with symptoms of				
coronavirus while in their setting and needs direct	PPE available in school at			
personal care until they can return home. A face	all times.			
mask should be worn by the supervising adult if a	Staff reminders and			
distance of 2 metres cannot be maintained. If	procedures are in place.	$\boxtimes$		
contact with the pupil is necessary, then gloves,	safe working in education,			
an apron and a face mask should be worn by the	childcare and children's social care			
supervising adult. If there is a risk of splashing to	<u>500101 0010</u>			
the eyes, for example from coughing, spitting, or				
vomiting, then eye protection should also be worn				
PPE for coronavirus (COVID-19) is required				
when performing <u>aerosol generating procedures</u>	As appropriate.	$\boxtimes$		
(AGPs)	no uppropriate.			
When working with children and young people				
	Individual risk assessment			
who cough, spit or vomit but do not have		$\boxtimes$		
coronavirus (COVID-19) symptoms, only any	made.			
PPE that would be routinely worn, is worn				
Visitors, Contractors & Spread of Coronavirus				
All visitors and contractors must make pre-		<b>N</b> 7	_	
arranged appointments or they will not be allowed	Appointments only.	$\boxtimes$		
on site				
School ensures site guidance on physical	Signage and procedures in		_	_
distancing and hygiene is explained to visitors	place.	$\boxtimes$		
and contractors on or before arrival	·			
Where visits can happen outside of school hours,	As appropriate and	$\boxtimes$		
they are arranged as such	necessary.			
Contractors to attend by agreement only after				
school have satisfied themselves that it is	As appropriate and	$\boxtimes$		
necessary for the visit to take place at that time	necessary.			
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and that all required controls are in place to allow the work to continue safely				
Contractors to provide updated risk assessment prior to visit which includes their own controls round infection spread prevention	Appointments made to fit in best with social distancing requirements.	$\boxtimes$		
As normal, school engages with their local immunisation providers to provide immunisation programmes on site, ensuring these are delivered in keeping with the school's control measures	School immunisation programme in place. Flu vaccinations in Oct 2020.			
Where schools are satisfied that it would be safe to do so, they may choose to open up or hire out their premises for use by external bodies or organisations, such as external coaches or after- school or holiday clubs or activities.	After school clubs for pupils are risk assessed. Mobile classroom on long term let to playgroup.			
A record is kept of all visitors with sufficient detail to support rapid contact tracing if required by NHS Test and Trace.	Kept in school office.			
Inadequate Ventilation				
Occupied spaces must always be well ventilated and a comfortable teaching environment maintained. This can be achieved by a variety of measures including: <b>mechanical ventilation systems</b> – these should be adjusted to increase the ventilation rate wherever possible, and checked to confirm that normal operation meets current guidance (if possible, systems should be adjusted to full fresh air or, if not, then systems should be operated as normal as long as they are within a single room and supplemented by an outdoor air supply) <b>natural ventilation</b> – if necessary external opening doors may also be used provided this doesn't compromise safeguarding measures	Windows and doors are kept open to allow fresh air to circulate. Checks are made to ensure classroom temperatures are suitable for a working environment.			
Ventilate spaces with outdoor air		$\boxtimes$		
Where possible, occupied room windows should be open.		$\boxtimes$		
Keep toilet ventilation in operation as much as possible while building is occupied		$\boxtimes$		
Switch air handling units with recirculation to 100% outdoor air where this is not possible, systems are operated as normal. Further advice on this can be found in Health and Safety Executive guidance on <u>air conditioning</u> and ventilation during the coronavirus outbreak and <u>CIBSE coronavirus (COVID-19) advice</u> .				
Prop doors open, where safe to do so (bearing in mind fire safety and safeguarding), to limit use of door handles and assist with creating a throughput of air.	Fire doors are not be propped open unless they have a self-closing hold open device fitted.	×		
In cold weather where the school heating system is activated, windows are open to provide trickle ventilation rather than being fully open. <i>Natural ventilation – opening windows (in cooler weather windows should be opened just enough to provide constant</i>	Windows open to provide ventilation.			

background ventilati to purge the air in the	on, and opened more fully during break. e space)	S					
Consideration giv	ven to opening high level rence to low level to reduce	Open wind to those a	dows are limite vailable .	ed 🛛		ב	
	ven to only opening every other of all windows when the heating	Every othe opened.	e 🛛		ב		
	flexibility to allow additional, othing <u>School uniform</u>	may be we and childr		lts 🛛 🖾			
Furniture rearran direct drafts.	ged where possible to avoid		tion of furnitu ent has taken	re 🛛		ב	
	e used as necessary to ensure e maintained particularly in	Heating a been mad	djustments ha e.	ve 🛛		ב	
trickle vent, cons	activated and windows are on ideration is given to employing e any stagnant pockets of air.		are pointed n people and r walls.			ב	
	o use additional heaters they oil filled electric heaters	Electric fa used spari increased risk.			ב		
Have you consult	ted with the people/representativ	/es underta	kina the				
	the preparation of this risk asse			Y	es 🛛	No 🛛	
What is the level measures	of risk for this activity/situation v	vith existing	control	High		d 🗆	Low
Is the risk adequately controlled with existing control measures					es 🛛	1	No 🗆
Have you identified any further control measures needed to control the risk and recorded them in the action plan					Yes 🛛 🛛 No 🗆		
ACTION P	LAN (insert additional rows if requir	ed)		To be a	ctioned b	y	
Further control me	easures to reduce risks so far as is a practicable	reasonably	Nar	ne		Date	
Ensure keypad entry	y system wiped regularly.		B Stell / S Be	llwood	March 20	21	
control and action Is such a risk level Is activity still acc If no, has this been Assessor(s):	level assigned to the task <b>AFTE</b> of plan measures taken as a resu el deemed to be as low as reaso ceptable with this level of risk? en escalated to senior leadershi <b>Bev Stell</b>	ult of this ris	k assessme	Y	es ⊠ es ⊠ es □	ק ק ק	Low 
Position(s):	Headteacher	-		100	Ju		
Date:	1 <sup>st</sup> March 2021	Review Da	4		L2 <sup>th</sup> April 2		

Distribution: All staff, shared on website.						
Risk rating	Action					
HIGH	Urgently review/add controls & monitor, notify H&S Team (if Likely or Highly Likely – stop work, seek competent advice)					
MEDIUM	Review/add controls (as far as reasonably practicable) & monitor					
LOW	Monitor control measures					

POTENTIAL OUTCOME		LIKELIHOOD		Catastrophic					
Catastrophic	Fatal injury/permanent disability	Highly likely	More likely to occur						
Major	RIDDOR reportable Specified Injury/ Disease/Dangerous Occurrence	Likely		Major					
Moderate	RIDDOR reportable over 7 day injury	Possible		Moderate					
Minor	Minor injury (requiring first aid)	Unlikely		Minor					
Insignificant	Minor injury	Remote	Less likely to occur	Insignificant					
					Remote	Unlikely	Possible	Likely	Highly Likel

LIKELIHOOD